## Preferable Lunch Statistics Project

By: Tice Jenkins

## Agenda

- Introduction (what was my topic and hypothesis)
- Data Collection (how and from whom did I collect data from)
- Graphs/Summaries (differences in the grade levels and schools answers)
- Discussion/Conclusion (interesting thoughts and what I understood)


## Introduction

## Question

12th Graders: "Of the three options you have for lunch (school, home, or out to eat) what lunch is the best option in your opinion?

9th-11th Graders: "Of the two options you have for lunch (school or home) what lunch is the best option in your opinion?

## My hypothesis...

was that giving 12th graders an extra option (3) compared to the rest of the high school (2) it wouldn't make a big impact on my data due to other side factors like convenience, money, and time management.


## Why I chose this topic?

- Overall curiosity
- Never have gone out to eat during school lunch



## Data Collection (Proportions)

- 9th Grade

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\circ & 55 / 167=.33 \\
- & .33 \times 25=8.25(8)
\end{array}
$$

- 10th Grade
- $41 / 167=.25$
- $.25 \times 25=6.25$ (6)
- 11th Grade
- $31 / 167=.19$
- . $19 \times 25=4.75$ (5)
- 12th Grade
- $40 / 167=.24$
- . $24 \times 25=6$ (6)


## Data Collection (Assigned Number Range)

- 9th Grade
- Randlnt $(1,55,20)$
- 10th Grade
- Randlnt $(1,41,20)$
- 11th Grade
- Randlnto $(1,31,20)$
- 12th Grade
- RandInt $(1,40,20)$


## Data Collection (Obtaining Random Samples)

- From the random number generator I took the first numbers according to the proportion of the test samples in their class
- If numbers were repeated, cross out and go to the next number



# Data Collection 

(Collection Method)


When I asked my test samples, I asked them in various ways through snapchat, iMessages, or in person.


## Lincoln Lutheran 9th Grade Preferability of Lunch

## Raw Data

## 9th Graders

Out of the 8 asked...

| Home | School |
| :--- | :--- |
| $6(75 \%)$ | $2(25 \%)$ |



## Lincoln Lutheran 10th Grade Preferability of Lunch

## Raw Data

## 10th Graders

Out of the 6 asked...

| Home | School |
| :--- | :--- |
| $4(67 \%)$ | $2(33 \%)$ |



## Raw Data

## 11th Graders

Out of the 5 asked...

| Home | School |
| :--- | :--- |
| $2(40 \%)$ | $3(60 \%)$ |



## Raw Data

## 12th Graders

Out of the 6 asked...


Lincoln Lutheran 12th Grade Preferability of Lunch


Home
School
Out to Eat

## Lincoln Lutheran 9th-11th Grade Preferability of Lunch

## Raw Data

## 9th - 11th Graders

Out of the 19 asked...
Home School

12 (63\%) 7 (37\%)


School

## Lincoln Lutheran 9th-12th Grade Preferability of Lunch

## Raw Data

## 9th-12th Graders

Out of the 25 asked...
Home School Out to Eat
16 (64\%) $\quad 9$ (36\%) $0(0 \%)$


Home
School
Out to Eat

## Summary

- 9th - 11th Grade
- Home (12) $63 \%$
- School (7) 37\%
- 9th - 12th Grade
- Home (16) 64\%
- School (9) 36\%
- Go Out to Eat (0) 0\%


## I just need the main ideas



## Conclusion

- In conclusion, the 12th graders (seniors) did not significantly affect the data of the rest of the high school (9th-11th graders). The percentages barely changed therefore my hypothesis was correct.
- I believe that when I asked my subjects the questions they took in consideration of...
- 'What's more convenient?'
- 'What's the healthiest option?'
- 'How much money can I spend?'


## Discussion

- The thing that I thought I could have been better at is the way I asked my subjects. It wasn't very consistent and me asking someone face to face could have been a lot more intimidating than sending a text or a survey.
- I feel like I could have done a more specific study instead of so broad. I didn't interchange the idea about side factors with my question.
- There are definitely a lot of follow up research questions that could follow this question to be of why the subjects chose what they chose.

Questions?

